End-of-Year Bookkeeping Checklist

| 1. Review and Reconcile All Accounts | 2. Review Invoices & Payments Received (AR) |
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| Ensure the balance on your statements match your balance sheet. Reconcile bank and credit card accounts, loans, and payment processors. | Enter all customer invoices and payments correctly. Cleaning up Accounts Receivable (AR) ensures you're not overstating income or missing cash flow opportunities |
| 3. Review Outstanding Bills & Payments Issued (AP) | 4. Review Asset Additions & Improvements |
| Check that all vendor bills are entered and categorized. Issue Form 1099 to relevant vendors. Collect missing W-9s from vendors. | Confirm all business assets are properly classified. Gather receipts for major purchases or improvements to include in your tax file. |
| 5. Perform a Physical Inventory Count | 6. Review & Retain Payroll Documentation |
| If your business holds inventory, conduct a year-end count. Compare to your accounting records and adjust for lost, damaged, or outdated items. | Gather all federal and state payroll tax filings, including Form 941, 940, 1096, and W-3. Make copies for your tax preparer and your own records. |
| 7. Review Financial Reports | 8. Gather All Important Documents |
| Looks over your balance sheet and income statement to assess business performance & financial health and spot trends or variances. | Collect all relevant documents for your tax file. Consider any new forms, loan statements, or financial documents from this year. |
| 9. Store & Record Your Records | 10. Plan Ahead for the New Year |
| Gather all tax documents into one complete file and send it to your tax preparer. Consider cloud storage for easy access and backup. | Reflect on your business wins & losses and create a strategy for the year ahead. A little planning now can help you start the year with confidence. |

